

Most women diagnosed with breast cancer would require both hormonal therapy and chemotherapy to lower the risk of the cancer returning after surgery.

A new test is now available to help you and your doctor decide whether hormone therapy alone¹ is sufficient.

Getting tested is easy

- · Speak with your physician to understand whether Prosigna® is a suitable test for you.
- •The test does not require additional surgery or procedures.
- •The test can be performed on the cancer tissue specimen preserved from your original surgery.
- •The test results will be ready within 10 working days, upon receipt of your cancer tissue specimen in our laboratory.



REFERENCES:

- 1. Gnant M. Ann Oncol 2013 doi: 10.1093/annonc/mdt494
- Nielson TO, Parker JS, Leung S, et al. A comparison of PAM50 intrinsic subtyping with immunohistochemistry and clinical prognostic factors in tamoxifen-treated estrogen receptor-positive breast cancer. Clin Cancer Res. 2010; 16(21):5222-5232.
- Parker JS, Mullins M, Cheang, Mc, et al. Supervised risk predictor of breast cancer based on intrinsic subtypes. J Clin Oncol. 2009;27(8):1160-1167

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Making the right choice about breast cancer treatment

In partnership with









What is Prosigna®?

- Prosigna® is a test which looks at the activity of 50 genes in your cancer cells, to predict the chances of your cancer returning over the next 10 years.
- Prosigna® informs decision about your cancer treatment after surgery.
- The accuracy of Prosigna® to predict cancer recurrence has been proven in independent clinical studies involving thousands of women.
- Prosigna[®] is endorsed by independent regulatory organisations and professional oncology organisations worldwide.

Who should take Prosigna breast cancer gene signature test?

Post-menopausal women with newly diagnosed, early stage invasive breast cancer treated with endocrine therapy

Hormone receptor positive (ER or PR)

Lymph node-negative or Lymph node-positive

Understanding stages of breast cancer evaluation

Treatment Planning

· I had surgery to remove my cancer. What more should I do? What you and your physician want to understand:

- What is the likelihood of my cancer returning over the next 10 years?
- What type of treatment will most likely work for me?
- · Can I avoid chemotherapy?

Consult your physician

Which treatment is righ for me, based on the likelihood of my cancer returning?

- · Hormonal therapy
- · Biologic therapy
- · Chemotherapy
- . Radiatio
- A combination of two or more

The tool your doctor may use to decide on your treatment:



What information does Prosigna provide?

The Prosigna ® report provides the following information:

· Your Intrinsic Subtype:

This assigns your cancer to one of four molecular classes: Luminal A, Luminal B, HER2 enriched or Basal-like. Subtypes provide additional information to your doctor regarding the underlying biology, characteristics and likely responses of your cancer to treatment. ^{2,3}

· Your Prosigna® Score:

This is a numerical value on a 0-to-100 scale. A lower number indicates your cancer is less likely to return. A higher number indicates there is a higher chance your cancer may return.

· Your Risk of Cancer Recurrence (Low, Intermediate, High):

The risk of recurrence is provided as a percentage. This result indicates how likely your cancer will return within 10 years, when treated with hormonal therapy alone.